

RLT405200MGS

- Violet Laser Diode
- 405 nm, 200 mW
- Singlemode
- 3.8 mm TO-Can, Flat Window

Description

RLT405200MGS is a **InAIGaN** based singlemode Laser Diode emitting at typical 405 nm with rated output power of 200 mW CW at room temperature. The 3.8 mm TO package includes a cap and flat window. **RLT405200MGS** comes without monitor PD.

Maximum Rating (T_{CASE} = 25°C)

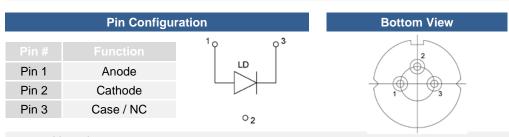
Parameter	Cumb al	Val	Unit		
Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	
Optical Output	Po		250	mW	
Reverse Voltage	VR		5	V	
Operating Temperature	$T_{\rm OPR}$	- 0	+ 70	°C	
Storage Temperature	$T_{\rm STG}$	- 40	+ 80	°C	
Soldering Temperature (max. 3s)	T_{SOL}		+ 260	°C	

ATTENTION STATIC SENSITIVE DEVICES HANDLE ONLY AT STATIC WORK STATIONS

Electro-Optical Characteristics (T_{CASE} = 25°C, P_O = 200mW)

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit
			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Peak Wavelength		λ _P	400	405	410	nm
Operating Voltage		VF		5.2	6.0	V
Threshold Current		<i>I</i> _{th}		45	60	mA
Operating Current		IF		170	210	mA
Slope Efficiency		η	1.0	1.6	1.9	mW/mA
Beam Divergence (FWHM)	parallel	θII	7	9	12	deg.
	perpendicular	θΤ	16	19	24	deg.
Deviation Angle	parallel	∆⊖II	-2		2	deg.
	perpendicular	∆⊖⊥	-2.5		2.5	deg.

Electrical Connection

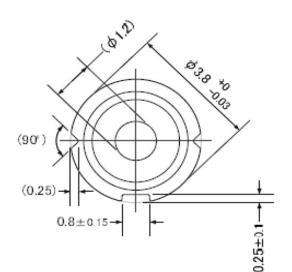


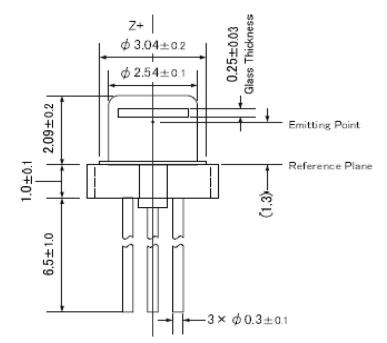


Material

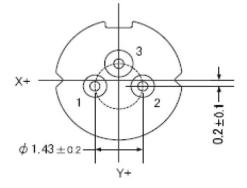
LD chip	InAlGaN	/
Stem	Fe, Cu	Au-plated
Сар	Kovar	Ni-plated
Window glass	Borosilicated glass	/
Lead pins	Kovar	Au-plated

Outline Dimensions





Bottom View:



All dimensions in mm



Precautions

Safety

Caution: Laser light emitted from any laser diode may be harmful to the human eye. Avoid looking directly into the laser diode's aperture when the diode is in operation.

Note: The use of optical lenses with this laser diode will increase eye hazard

ESD caution

Always do handle laser diodes with extreme care to **prevent electrostatic discharge**, the primary cause of unexpected diode failure. To prevent ESD related failures, it is strongly advised to always **wearing wrist straps**, and **grounding all applicable work surfaces**, when handling laser diodes

Operating Considerations

It is strongly advised to only operate this laser diode with a current source. The current of a laser diode is an exponential function of the voltage across it. **Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.** Laser diodes may be damaged by excessive drive currents or switching transients

It is advised, to operate the laser diode at the lowest temperature possible, and to never exceed maximum specifications as outlined in the datasheet. Device degradation will accelerate with increased temperature. **Proper heat sinking will greatly enhance stability and life time of the laser diode**