

EOLS-BI1303-40 Series

EOLS-BI1503-40 Series

Single-Mode 155Mbps SC/LC Single-Fiber SFP Transceiver RoHS6 Compliant

Features

◆ Support 155Mbps Data Links

◆ A type: 1310nm FP TX / 1550nm RX

B type: 1550nm DFB TX / 1310nm RX

• 40km with 9/125 μm SMF

◆ Single 3.3V Power Supply and TTL Logic Interface

Hot-Pluggable SFP Footprint SC/LC Connector
Interface

 Class 1 FDA and IEC60825-1 Laser Safety Compliant

Operating Case Temperature

Standard: 0°C~+70°C

Industrial: -40°C~+85°C

Compliant with SFP MSA Specification

◆ Compliant with Digital Diagnostic Monitor Interface



Applications

- ♦ SONET OC-3 / SDH STM-1
- WDM Fast Ethernet Links
- Other Optical Links

Ordering information

Part No.	Data Rate	Wavelength	Interface	Temp.	DDMI
EOLS-BI1303-40*(note1)	100M~155Mbps	1310nm	SC	Standard	NO
EOLS-BI1503-40*(note1)	100M~155Mbps	1550nm	SC	Standard	NO
EOLS-BI1303-40-I	100M~155Mbps	1310nm	SC	Industrial	NO
EOLS-BI1503-40-I	100M~155Mbps	1550nm	SC	Industrial	NO
EOLS-BI1303-40-D	100M~155Mbps	1310nm	SC	Standard	YES
EOLS-BI1503-40-D	100M~155Mbps	1550nm	SC	Standard	YES
EOLS-BI1303-40-DI	100M~155Mbps	1310nm	SC	Industrial	YES
EOLS-BI1503-40-DI	100M~155Mbps	1550nm	SC	Industrial	YES
EOLS-BI1303-40-L*(note1)	100M~155Mbps	1310nm	LC	Standard	NO



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EOLS-BI1503-40-L*(note1)	100M~155Mbps	1550nm	LC	Standard	NO
EOLS-BI1303-40-IL	100M~155Mbps	1310nm	LC	Industrial	NO
EOLS-BI1503-40-IL	100M~155Mbps	1550nm	LC	Industrial	NO
EOLS-BI1303-40-DL	100M~155Mbps	1310nm	LC	Standard	YES
EOLS-BI1503-40-DL	100M~155Mbps	1550nm	LC	Standard	YES
EOLS-BI1303-40-DIL	100M~155Mbps	1310nm	LC	Industrial	YES
EOLS-BI1503-40-DIL	100M~155Mbps	1550nm	LC	Industrial	YES

Note1: Standard version

Regulatory Compliance*Note2

Product Certificate	Certificate Number	Applicable Standard
		EN 60950-1:2006+A11+A1+A12+A2
TUV	R50135086	EN 60825-1:2014
		EN 60825-2:2004+A1+A2
1.11	F247227	UL 60950-1
UL	E317337	CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07
EMC CE	AE 50285865 0001	EN 55022:2010
EIVIC CE	AE 30263665 000 I	EN 55024:2010
FCC	WTF14F0514417E	47 CFR PART 15 OCT., 2013
FDA	1	CDRH 1040.10
ROHS	/	2011/65/EU

Note2: The above certificate number updated to June 2014, because some certificate will be updated every year, such as FDA and ROHS. For the latest certification information, please check with Eoptolink.

Product Description

The EOLS-BI1X03-40-X series is small form factor pluggable module for IEEE 802.3ah 100BASE-BX40 and OC-3/STM-1 SONET/SDH single fiber applications by using 1310 nm/1550nm transmitter and 1550 nm/1310nm receiver. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well A type / B type laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC 60825. The receiver section uses an integrated B type/ A type detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

The EOLS-BI1X03-40-X series are designed to be compliant with SFF-8472 Multi-source Agreement (MSA).

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	3.6	V

Operating Relative Humidity		-	95	%
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^{*}Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parar	neter	Symbol		Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Operation	ng Case	Тс	EOLS-BI1X03-40	0		+70	°C
Tempe	erature	10	EOLS-BI1X03-40-I	-40		+85	C
Power Sup	ply Voltage	Vcc		3.15	3.3	3.45	V
Power Sup	Supply Current Icc				300	mA	
Data Pata	OC-3				155		Mbps
Date Rate	100M				100		Mbps

Performance Specifications - Electrical

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes	
Transmitter								
LVPECL Inputs(Differential)		Vin	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled inputs*(note5)	
Input Imp (Differe		Zin	85	100	115	ohms	Rin > 100 kohms @ DC	
TV Dia	Disable		2		Vcc+0.3	V		
TX_Dis	Enable		0		8.0	\ \ \		
TV EALILT	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V		
TX_FAULT	Normal		0		0.5]		
			Rece	iver				
LVPECL (Vout	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled outputs*(note5)	
1 ' '	Output Impedance (Differential)		85	100	115	ohms		
DV LOS	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V		
RX_LOS -	Normal		0		0.8	V		
MOD DE	F (0:2)	VoH	2.5			V	With Carial ID	
MOD_DE	r (U.Z)	VoL	0		0.5	V	- With Serial ID	

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

(EOLS-BI1303-40, 1310nm FP and PIN, 40km)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit		
9µm Core Diameter SMF	L		40		km		
Data Rate			155		Mbps		
Transmitter							
Center Wavelength	λ _C	1260	1310	1360	nm		
Spectral Width (RMS)	Δλ			3	nm		



SFP Series

Average Output Power*(note3)	Pout	-5		0	dBm			
Extinction Ratio*(note4)	ER	10			dB			
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	tr/tf			2	ns			
Output Optical Eye*(note4)		IUT-T G.9	957 Compliant	*(note7)				
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	us			
Pout@TX Disable Asserted	Pout			-45	dBm			
	Receiver							
Center Wavelength	λ_{C}	1500	1550	1580	nm			
Receiver Sensitivity*(note6)	Pmin			-34	dBm			
Receiver Overload	Pmax	0			dBm			
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-35	dBm			
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm			
LOS Hysteresis*(note8)		0.5			dB			

(EOLS-BI1503-40, 1550nm DFB and PIN, 40km)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit				
50µm Core Diameter SMF	L		40		km				
Data Rate			155		Mbps				
Transmitter									
Center Wavelength	λ_{C}	1500	1550	1580	nm				
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm				
Side Mode Suppression Ratio SMSR		30	-	-	dB				
Average Output Power*(note3)	Pout	-5		0	dBm				
Extinction Ratio*(note4)	ER	10			dB				
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	tr/tf			2	ns				
Output Optical Eye*(note4)	IUT-T G.957 Compliant*(note7)								
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	us				
Pout@TX Disable Asserted	Pout			-45	dBm				
	Receiver								
Center Wavelength	λ _C	1260	1310	1360	nm				
Receiver Overload	Pmax	0			dBm				
Receiver Sensitivity*(note6)	Pmin			-34	dBm				
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-35	dBm				
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm				
LOS Hysteresis*(note8)		0.5			dB				

Note3: Output power is power coupled into a 9/125µm single-mode fiber.

Note4: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 2²³-1 test pattern @155Mbps

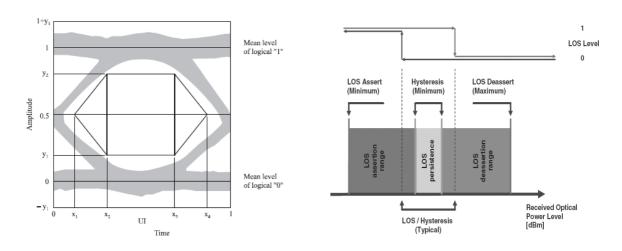
Note5: LVPECL logic, internally AC coupled.

Note6: Minimum average optical power at which the BER is less than 1E-10 or lower. Measured with a 2^{23} -1 NRZ

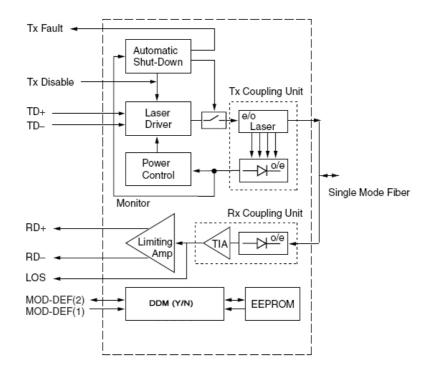
PRBS and ER=9 dB.

Note7: Eye Pattern Mask Note8: LOS Hysteresis

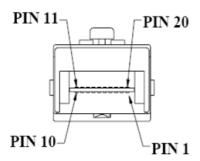




Functional Description of Transceiver

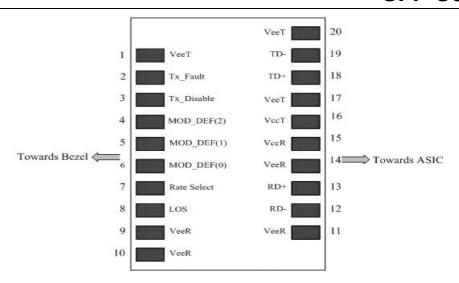


SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout



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Pin Function Definitions

Pin Num.	Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1)
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2) Module disables on high or open
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	3) Data line for Serial ID.
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	3) Clock line for Serial ID.
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	Grounded within the module.
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	6)
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	6)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

Notes

TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10KΩ resistor
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on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8 V.

2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7 - 10 \text{ K}\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10K resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

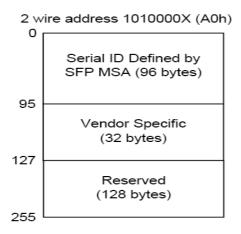
Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

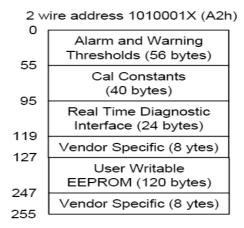
- 4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K 10KΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400 and 2000 mV differential (200 –1000mV single ended) when properly terminated.
- 7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400 - 2000mV (200 - 1000mV single-ended).

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that

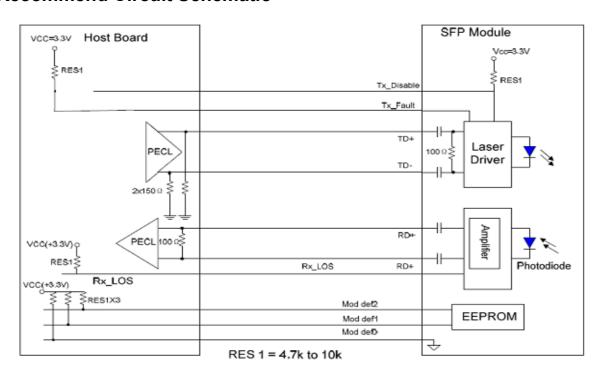


are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2H. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.





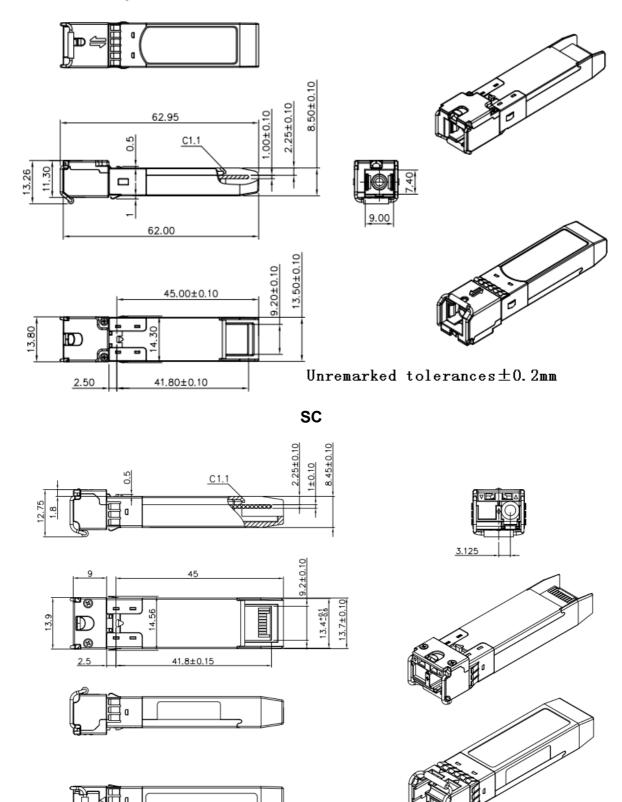
Recommend Circuit Schematic



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Mechanical Specifications



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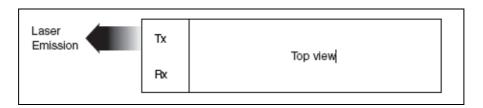
Unremarked tolerances ± 0.2 mm



Laser Emission Data

Wavelength	1310nm
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7mm aperture at 20cm distance)	<0.195mW
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 7mm aperture at 10cm distance)	<15.6mW
Beam divergence	12.5°
Wavelength	1550nm
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7mm aperture at 20cm distance)	<0.79mW
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 7mm aperture at 10cm distance)	<10mW
Beam divergence	12.5°

Laser Emission



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Revision History

Revision	Initiated	Reviewed	Approved	Revision History	Release Date
V2.a	Tim.Liang	Kelly.Cao		Released.	July 11, 2007
V2.b	Kelly			Update mechanical spec.	Jan 23, 2010
V2.c	Cathy			Update the 9µm Core	August 10,
				Diameter SMF.	2010
V2.d	Cathy			Updated mechanical spec.	March 11, 2011
V3.a	Phlio			Update Recommend	Aug 10, 2011
				Circuit	
V3.b	Phlio			Remove EEPROM Detail	
				Information	Aug 22, 2011
				Change Power Link Budget	
V3.c	Phlio	Kelly		Update laser information.	Sep. 26, 2011
V3.d	Kelly			Update photo.	Nov 4, 2011
V4.a	Arvin	Nygai,Walt ,Lyn		Update the average	
				power ,center wavelength	
				and pin	Mar 11, 2013
				definition note3. Add	
			i	the SMSR	
V4.b	Angela	Kelly/Abby		Update LOSA	August 30,



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					2013
				Update regulatory	
		Lyn/Jason/		compliance, ER, Tx power,	
V4.c	Angela	Walt/	Alex	Rx sensitivity and the	Mar 26,2015
		Nygai/Vina		tolerances of mechanical	
				spec.	
V4.d	Abby	Kelly		Update overload to 0dBm	May 12, 2016

Notice:

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Contact:

Add: Floor 5, Building 2, No. 21 Gaopeng Avenue, High-Tech District, CHENGDU, SICHUAN

610041 P.R. CHINA

Tel: (+86) 028-85122709 ext 816 & 809

Fax: (+86) 028-85121912

Postal: 610041

E-mail:sales@eoptolink.com http://www.eoptolink.com